The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1818. New Series, No. 45.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

CORN and RYE
COMMANDS
Sixty-two Cents Cash,
per Bushel, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill
Pittsburgh, October 13, 1818.

To owners of Steam Boats,
Steam Mills, and Steam Engines, in general.

THE Subscriber, lately arrived from England, wishes a situation to manage a Steam Engine. Having superintended the manufacture of them, he is perfectly acquainted with them on the Atmospheric, Trivithic's, and Bolton and Watts' principle. Apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. October 13, 181

Three Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from Chadwick's farm, above Mr. Beelen's, a small BAY MARE, about 12½ hands high with a white streak in her face, and a thick dark mane, very thin in flesh. Any person giving information were she may be found, shall receive the above reward.

SAMUEL PETTIGREW,
Druggist, Market street.
Pittsburgh, October 13, 1818.

I. DOANE,
Wholesale and retail Warehouse on the bank near Wood street,

KEEPS constantly on hand at reasonable prices.
A large assortment of
Ironmongery, Hardware, Cutlery,
Grocery and Liquors.
Among which are,
Mouse-hole Anvils,
Smiths black and bright Vices,
Saws of every description,
All kinds of steel, &c. &.
Merchandize received and forwarded, bough and sold on reasonable commission
May, 19, 1818——1awtf

HENRY DOANE,
ON THE BANK,
Between Market and Ferry streets, has just received from Baltimore the following articles, viz.

Groceries, &c.
Young Hyson Tea, latest imporiations, in small boxes; Barrels of Coffee and Loaf Sugar, Boxes bloom Raisins, Barrels Herring, Rosin, ground Redwood, Glue, Kegs pickled Salmon, Mustard, Pepper, Allspice, Nntmegs, ground Ginger, Indigo, Copperas, smoking Tobacco, Segars, &c.

Liquors.
Fourth Proof Cogniac Brandy, and Jamaica rum, in barrels—Quarter casks Teneriffe Wine,

Ironmongery, etc.
Anvils, Vices, Axes, Hatchets, Drawing and Log Chains, Cross-cut Saws, English mill—Handsaws, Shovels, Spades, Frying-pans, Bell metal Teakettles, Straw-knives, Hammers, Copper Tea-kettles—Twine—Whiting, &c.

Wrapping Paper at $1,50 per ream—India entry matts, Window Glass, Hollow Glass Ware, Gun-Powder, Soap, Hats—China, &c.
ALSO
English Crowley and Blister Steel—American Ditto—Castings—Juniata Iron—Lead—Cut and Wrought Nails—Kentucky Tobacco;
Together with a general assortment of
SHIP CHANDLERY.

N. B. A House to Let in Third street.
Pittsburgh, September 1818, 18.

JUST RECEIVED,
WHICH will be sold low for cash or or notes at 60 days, a quantity of
Racoon, Beaver and Otter Skins.
We will also pay CASH on the 1st December for
500 bbls. Superfine Flour,
at $4 75 per Barrel.
IRWIN & H. WALLACE.
Pittsburgh, Sept 22, 1818. tf

A Fuller Wanted.
A PERSON who is well acquainted with fulling, dyeing and dressing cloth, will meet with good encouragement, by an immediate application at the BROADFORD MILLS, one mile from Connellsville, Pa. Any person applying must be well recommended as a steady, good workman. If he has a family, he can be accomodated with a house.

The subscriber having just purchased a Grist-mill, a Saw-mill, two Carding machines, & a Fulling mill; he would have no objections to take a good partner, provided he had some cash; one who is something acquainted with the bove branches would be preferred.

STEWART H. WHITEHILL,
Connellsville, September 19, 1818.

Notice.
I HEREBY warn all persons from trusting or dealing with my wife JANE on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting, and positively declare all bargains executed by her respecting my property as not valid. All persons are therefore requested to attend to this notice.

EDWARD M'CRAY.
Robinson Township,
Washington County, October 2.

Allen & Grant,
HAVE
REMOVED
TO THEIR
NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE, IN FRONT street, between Market and Wood,
Pittsburgh, October 2, 1818.

Chair and Cabinet
WAREHOUSE
earth street, above Wood.—And Second street, near Smithfield,
PITTSBURGH.
Joseph Roseman
Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamentor, Gilder, &c.
AND
ROSEMAN & WRIGHT
Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom,

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles

Referrences to Messrs. Cromwell and Dobbin—Richrad Bowen & Co.—Wm. Robinson, Jr.—C. Latshaw—Allen & Grant—Anshutz & Rahm & Co. Commission merchants, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

January 15, 1818.——1awtf

FOR SALE,
That Valuable City Pro-
perty in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets, fronting on Fourth Street 40 feet, and extending back 80 feet, on which is a two story Brick House, 20 feet front, with an extensive back building, finished in the best manner, at present occupied by Doctor O'Donoughue—Also, a convenient Frame Building in the occupancy of Mr. Samuel Cooper; the whole subject to a yearly ground rent of 80 dollars. This property is in one of the most eligible situations for business in the City. For terms, which will be low and accommodating, apply to

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.
Pittsburgh, August 21, 1818. tf

G. T. Beyer & Co.
In Wood, between Third and Fourth Streets,
Are constantly supplied with all kinds of
Groceries, Wines and Liquors.
and continue to pay the highest price for al kinds of FUR.
HATTERS FUR
or sale, as above.
Pittsburgh, June 1, 1818. 3m

Copper & Tin Ware.
R. AND J. TOWN,
IN Woood, near Front street, manufacture and have constantly for sale, an assortment o
Stills and Tin Ware,
TEA KETTLES,	WASH KETTLES
Hatters Ditto,	Brass Ditto,
Fullers Ditto,	Sheet-Iron Ware,

JAPANNED WARE, &c
Which they sell at the most reduced prices, and a liberal credit.——Orders shall be promptly attended to.
Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818. F3m

Valuable Property for Sale
THE Subscriber has for Sale, a most VALUABLE PROPERTY in the vicinity of Noblesburgh, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 250 acres of Land. The above property possesses as many conveniencies as are desirable on a farm. There are 120 acres of cleared land, 15 acres in meadow, with good Barn and Sheds and fine Stables, comfortable farm Houses, sufficient for two families, with two paled Gardens adjoining. There are few places possessing finer springs. There is besides an excellent stone Still House, with a fountain Pump, and all the apparatus for distilling, now in complete operation. The terms may be known, by applying to Mr. ANDREW SCOTT, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.
August 21, 1818.

N. B. The above property is in the immediate vicinity of several fine Mills, and of different places of Worship.

ALSO,
A LOT in Noblestown, containing 7 acres, on which is erected a small house.

To Emigrants.
WANTED several FARMERS of industrious and sober habits, to go and settle upon land in the state of Indiana, upon an improving Lease, for a term of years. The land has been selected by a competent person, is of a good quality, in an improving part of the country, and lays about sixty miles from Cincinnati. For further particulars applyto the Subscriber, in Wood street, near the corner of Second street.

R. J. DUNN.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 18th 1818.—1aw10t.

N. B Provisions, Matresses,
Blankets &c. furnished for Travellers.

Samuel Edgar & Co.
HAVE just received, and offer for sale on accommodating terms.
200 BOXES CINCINNATI SOAP,
400 Kegs manufactured Tobacco,
6 Hhds. Leaf ditto, sup. qual.
10 Hhds. } New Orleans Sugar of a superior
50 Bbls. } quality—old crop
10 crates assorted QUEENSWARE,
20,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
500 lbs. Bar ditto,
30,000 lbs. Shot,
Bar and Roll'd Iron,
GLASS—all sizes
Hatter's Fur, etc.
Together with a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Liquors.
5000 lbs. Salt-Petre (Crude)
Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

BLANKS PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE

FRESH GOODS.
M. S. MASON,
HAS just received at his Wholesale Warehouse, in Wood street
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS;
CONSISTING OF
SUPERFINE, middling & coarse CLOTHS,
Coatings, Fearnoughts, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths,
Flannels, rose and point Blankets,
Bombazetts, Velveteens and Cords,
Irish Linens, patent steam loom Shirtings,
Ginghams, Prints and Furniture,
Madrass Handkerchiefs,
9-8 and 6-4 cambric Muslins, Lenos
Damask Table Cloths,
Men's and women's worsted Hosiery,
Kersy Shawls and Scarfs,
Black silk, Canton and flag Handkerchief.
Cashmere, merino and imitation Shawls,
Sarsanetts, &c.
TOGETHER WITH A VARIETY OF
Domestic Goods,
SUCH AS
Plaids, Stripes,	*Checks,*
Chambrays,	*Shirtings.*

Which are offered for sale low, by the package or piece on accommodating terms.
Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Copartnership.
CROMWELL & DOBBIN inform their friends and the public, that they have associated with them Mr. ISAAC PEEBLES in the Commission Business, which will in future be transacted under the firm of *Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles*, who offer their services in the usual way.

All those indebted to Cromwell & Dobbin in and about Pittsburgh, are requested to make payment immediately, or they may expect their accounts, notes, &c. lodged in the hands of the proper officers for collection.
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 1aw3m

I will Sell,
ON reasonable terms, Lot No. 31, containing 6 acres, on the bank of the Allegheny river, below and adjoining a lot of William Robinson—also, Lot No. 30, containing 9 acres, adjoining the above. A lot in the town of Allegheny, on Beaver street, adjoining Thomas Semple—also a Lot in Mechanics' Retreat, near the town of Allegheny.

For the above property, or any part of it, I will take *Stock* of the *Farmers' and Mechanics Bank* of Pittsburgh, in payment.

JOHN SCULL.
Pittsburgh, June 12.

N. W. Smith,
CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER, AND SILVER-SMITH,
Has commenced the above business, on the West side of Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,
Where he will be happy to execute all orders in his line, in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.
Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818.

Estate of Josiah W. Skelton, deceased.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late JOSIAH W. SKELTON, deceased, or to the late firm of J. P. & J. W. Skelton, are requested to make immediate payment, to John P. Skelton, and all those having claims against said estate or late firm, will present them properly attested to either of the subscribers.

ELIZA SKELTON, *Admrx.*
JOHN. P. SKELTON, *Admr.*
Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818.

For Sale,
THE *DRUG & MEDICINE STORE* of the late Josiah W. Skelton, druggist, deceased—together with all the Furniture and Fixtures, which will be sold on very accomodating terms to any person wishing to take the stock together.——Apply to

JOHN P. SKELTON, *Admr*

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the late DAVID DAVIS, HATTER, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having demands against the same, will please present them without delay, properly attested to either of the subscribers.

FRANCES DAVIS, *Admrx.*
JOHN D. DAVIS, *Admr.*
Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818. tf

THE citizens of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country, are respectfully informed that the subscriber intends having the HATTING BUSINESS carried on as usual, at the late residence of D. Davis, deceased, where all orders in that line will be thankfully received and promptly attended to

FRANCES DAVIS, *Widow.*
Wood street, between Diamond alley & 5th st

BRISTLES.
I WILL give from THIRTY to SIXTY cents per lb. for country Bristles, at my Brush Manufactory, in Wood street, between Fourth street and Diamond alley. Farmers and country merchants are requested to pay attention to the above. GEORGE BEALE.
Pittsburgh, June 26. 6m

N. B. Scalding the bristles is no detriment to them whatever.

BUFFALO ROBES.
Just received by the subscribers,
70 *Bales Buffalo Robes,*
which they will sell on liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

BOSLER & CO.
Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Water Proof Hats.
WILLIAM P. HAMER, of the city of Washington, makes Water proof HATS in a very superior manner. These hats are made of the same materials as others: the only difference consists in the stiffening, which renders them water proof. They are perfectly elastic; will resist water, though immersed in it 48 hours and maintain their true shape. They will wear 2 or 3 years witthout requiring the aid of the hatter. The terms of sale for wholesale orders, are cash for good acceptances, at reasonable dates.
Washington City, Aug. 28 1818.——6

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE partnership formerly existing between THOMAS TACKABERRY & CO. was dissolved the 30th September last, with mutual consent.

THO'S. TACKABERRY,
R. ROBINSON,
J. GRIFFITH.

Pittsburgh, October 6,
N. B. The wholesale GBOCERY business will be continued in the same house, by
THOMAS & ROBERT ROBINSON.

Notice.
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr. having been appointed AGENT at this place, for "The Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company," the Stockholders are hereby required to pay the balance due on their respective subscriptions—and all persons indebted to the company for carriage, are requested to pay the same to the said Agent.

THOMAS HARPER, Secretary
and Agent at Philadelphia
Pittsburgh, October 6.

Rodo ph Muller,
OF Zofingen, in Switzerland, who arrived at New-Orleans in January 1817, is informed that his parents and sister have lately arrived at Philadelphia, and that he may learn their abode by applying to Messrs.

BUCK & KRUMBAAHR,
Philadelphia, or GLASER & CO. Pittsburgh.
October 6.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,
HAVE FOR SALE
100 bls. Prime N. O. Sugar,
150 kegs Tobacco,
2 bales Prime Cotton;
JUNIATA IRON,
PLOUGH PLATES.
A handsome assortment of Fresh Castings, &c.
June 12, 1818.

BUTTER.
THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize, for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM. & JOHN HILL.
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf,

Stray Cow.
STRAYED away from the subscriber about the middle of August last, a mouse coloured COW, of the Buffaloe breed, the point of both horns broken of; she is remarkably short legged. A reward of THREE Dollars will be given upon her delivery to the subscriber.

GEORGE ANSHUTZ.
Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818.

Ten Dollars Reward.
STOLEN out of the pasture of Philip Cline near Elizabeth town, a SORREL MARE, seven years old past last spring, about 15½ hands high, with a large star in her forehead, has a crack in her near hind foot, occasioned by being corked—she racks, trots, paces and canters. Whosoever will secure said Mare, and deliver her to me, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expences.

JAS. JOHNSTON,
Inn-keeper, Pittsburgh.
October 6.

Valuable Property
IN THE DIAMOND.
I WILL sell the house in which I live: a credit will be given for a considerable part of the purchase money. Its situation is such that it needs no further recommendation. The house is well finished and a good pump in the back yard.

JOSEPH DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, May 16, 1818.——tf

JOHN RENO,
Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of
GROCERIES, &c.

OLD MADEIRA,	Wines.	Mustard, Starch,	
Sicily,		Indigo, Madder,	
Teneriffe,		Copperas, Allum,	
Lisbon,		Rosin, Chalk,	
Cogniac Brandy,		Raisins in boxes,	
Jamaica Spirits,		Soft shelled Almonds,	
Old Whiskey,		Shaving Soap,	
Country Gin,		Best Spanish and Country Segars,	
Best green coffee in bags and barrels,		Sup. Royal, No. 4,	Paper.
Young hyson Tea,		Royal, 5,	
Loaf,	Sugars	Cap, 2 & 3,	
Lump,		Post,	
New-Orleans,		Large and small wrapping,	
Pepper, Alspice,		8 by 10, and 10 by 12, Window Glass,	
Ginger, Cloves,		White Lead,	
Nutmegs, Mace,			
Cinnamon,			

Kentucky Tobacco,
Dupont's best Brandywine POWDER.
All of which are offered on liberal terms.
Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. 3t

One case of Holland Quills,
assorted—Some of superior quality.
R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.
October 9, 1818.

Kerr and Rahm,
Front, between Market and Wood streets,
PITTSBURGH,
Have just received a handsome supply of
UPDEGRAFFS'
PAPER, assorted as follows,

No. 1, 2, & 3 Cap.	Post Paper,
Royal Printing.	Tea Paper,
No. 4 Medium ditto,	Cap Wrapping do.

Medium wrapping ditto.
They have also on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of
Juniata Bar Iron,
4, 6, 8, and 10 cut Nails,
Assorted Roll'd Iron,
7-9 and 8-10 Window Glass,
HOLLOW GLASS,
Patent Draft Chains,
Shovels, Axes, Plough Irons,
A few chests Young Hyson Tea,
Spanish and country Segars,
KENTUCKY TOBACCO.
All of which they offer for sale, on accommopating terms.
July 3.

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,
Continue their
Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE.
Where will be printed with the utmost despatch
BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.
Mercantile Blanks;
SUCH AS
Cheeks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.
Law Blanks.
Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Declarations, Protests, &c.
Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.
summons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.
HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,
Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.
Pittsburgh, June 12.

JAMES HALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HAS taken the office, lately occupied by Dr. W. A. Simpson, in Fourth street, nearly opposite to Patterson and Lambdin's book-store.
Pittsburgh, June 23.

To Rent,
FOR a term of years not exceeding 16, at the rate of TWO Dollars per foot, the property formerly occupied as a Tan-yard by the late Thomas Wallace—it is subdivided into building lots to suit every person wishing to lease—ALSO at the rate of ONE Dollar and Fifty cents per foot, for the above term, the unoccupied part of the square adjoining the Rolling and Slitting Mill, on Penn street.—Apply to

IRWIN WALLACE, or
WM. ROBINSON, junr.
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1818.——tf

German Redemptioners.
FOR SALE.
THE time of an indented MAN and WOMAN, who have two years and about six months to serve. The Man is a rough carpenter, and both understand farming very well; but particularly the culture of the vine, and gardening; the woman is also a good spinner. They are sold for want of employ. Enquire at this, or the Mercury office.
August 25, 1818. tf

NOTICE.
THE subscribers, surviving assignees of William Steele and Ephraim Pentland, Esqrs. give notice to all persons who, on the 11th day of August, 1817, were indebted to the firm of Pentland, Higins & Steele, to come forward and settle their accounts without delay.

DAVID PRIDE, } *Assignees*
WILLIAM GORMLY, }
Pittsburgh, September 16, 1818.

Granville Bank Notes.
A CONSIGNMENT OF
Shaving Soap,
FOR SALE, FOR GRANVILLE BANK NOTES,
BY
R. BOWEN & CO.
Pittsburgh, October 2, 1818.——4w

One Dollar Cash,
FOR
Old or New WHEAT,
Will be given at the Pittsburgh Steam-Mill, where,
Road Waggoners
Can have HORSE-FEED, very cheap—It consists of CHOPT RYE, MIDDLINGS, SHIP-STUFF, BRAN and CORN—Any person taking more than 50 bushels shall have a handsome deduction.
October 2.

Five Dollars Reward
STRAYED or stolen from the pasture of John Means two miles from Pittsburgh, on the night of the 23d of September, TWO HORSES—one Black, about 9 years old past, shod all round, about 14½ hands high and a natural trotter. The other, a brown or mouse colour, 7 years old, shod all round, about 15 hands high and a natural trotter. If strayed, the above reward will be given upon their delivery to John Means, with all reasonable charges—if stolen, 20 Dollars will be given for the horses and thief.

RALSEMAN CONE.
October 2.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1818.

A number of "Histories of the War" have been published, both in this country and in England; but all we have seen, and indeed heard of, are distinguished by the grossest errors and mistatements. In this respect England out does us, but it really does appear to us that the writers of the two countries are striving who can gasconade the most. We conceive it would be a deplorable circumstance if the existing annals which we have seen, should be the only materials which are to descend to future writers to form an authentic history of the second war between the English and Americans. One British account which we have seen, speaking of Gen. Ross, who fell at Baltimore, states, that this officer was killed at Bladensburg, in consequence of which his family has been ennobled. Another worthy chronologer says, that on such a day, Stonington was attacked by "the gallant" Sir Thomas Hardy, and after a bloody resistance on the part of the "forces" of Connecticut, was carried in brilliant style. Our different naval victories, which undoubtedly have been the most decisive events, as regards national character, which have ever taken place in a country, are slurred over by their historians as mere skirmishes between armed merchant ships. From what we can learn from many of the officers of the late war, our own historians are resolved not to be out done. Their competition reminds us of an Indian treaty which was held in "days of yore," on a spot now covered by a part of our city, with (probably) the Six Nations. On these occasions, *we believe*, it is the custom for the orators and warriors of the opposite sides to hold forth in a kind of "alternate verses," as Virgil calls it, in which the rivals boast of the different acts of barbarity which, during hostilities, they committed on each other; they strive for victory in descanting on the numerous instances of murder and theft they had been engaged in. On the occasion alluded to, a very eloquent chief, with a very fantastic head dress of feathers, and an unusual length of ear hanging on his shoulder, dilated at great length on the number of infants whose brains he had knocked out in presence of their mothers, and the quantity of scalps which he had

"borne from our nation away,"

and on the number of horses he had stolen from the whites. After having finished his "talk," which he thought was unanswerable, he squatted down and began to smoke with an air of the most perfect self complacency. A young American hunter, who understood the Indian character perfectly, started up, and after relating his feats in the usual style, observed, that "once upon a time he went on a scalping party to the frontier villages; during his journey he one evening came suddenly upon a party of 50 warriors surrounding a council fire; he attacked without hesitation, and in a few minutes killed the whole party, scalped them and roasted them by their own fire." The Indian orator after eyeing his antagonist for some time, shook his head and said "brother I give up, you beat me." The American historians may say thesame thing to their brothers of Grub street; they are fairly conquered in the science of exaggeration.

We humbly conceive that a method could be suggested which would remedy all these evils, and furnish for some future Robertson materials for a really authentic history of these interesting times. We have the pleasure to number, among the list of our friends, many gentlemen of information and talents who were very distinguished officers during the late contest, each of whom can say with the pious Eneas

* ——quaeque ipse miserrima vidi
Et quorum pars magne fui.—

there are many others no doubt scattered over different parts of the United States, who like these have left the army for some of the learned professions. Memoirs from the pens of these gentlemen would constitute a most valuable acquisition, both to our stock of literature and of information. By confining themselves to the events of those campaigns which they actually witnessed, and in which they bore a part, the work would not be a laborious one, nor would the task be irksome. By this means we might be provided with a connected chain of military events which could be depended on, and which at the same time might be embellished with a thousand little anecdotes and digressions, which the muse of dignified history in her stately march would not think proper to notice. Indeed it is a circumstance much to be regretted, that the spirit of a Julius, a de Retz, or a Sully is not more generally diffused over our country than it is. We should suppose that the business of embodying in a connected series, the recollections of a few years of military or public life would be a most pleasing solace to the officer and the statesman; they would be perpetuating the memory of these scenes in which they assisted, at the same time that they would be laying down land marks for genuine and authentic historical narrative. The wretched trash which we have been pestered with under this title since the war, by garret scribblers and hireling writers is insufferable. Vapid anecdote, distorted facts, geographical and chronological errors, deform every attempt of the kind we have as yet seen. Individuals are honored, who probably deserved disgrace, and others are passed over in silence, whose voice may have regulated councils and whose energy may have turned the tide of battle. If an officer would undertake to describe a campaign "honour would be given, where honour is due." When so many of his associates are alive to review his work, exaggeration or falsehood could scarcely find a place in the production. The only discrepancy which might reasonably by expected would proceed from the different views, & different impressions which are taken of and made by, the same facts. But this could not materially affect the history, and at all events it is an inconvenience inseparable from human nature.—Works of this kind are infinitely more amusing than sober history and much less liable to exaggeration and prejudice than biography. On the score of profit, we should presume the undertaking would be no object.

* "All which I saw, and part of which I was."
DRYDEN.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 7.

Latest from England.

The editors of the Gazette have received by the Hector, Captain Gillender, London papers and Lloyd's of the 24th, and Liverpool of the 26th of August, which affords the following items:

United States.—The opposition papers have raised the alarm of a new war with America. It is almost a pity that it has not taken place, to afford them the gratification of going to their old pursuit of predicting shame and discomfiture; and to give them the opportunity of again manifesting their bitter and indomitable hostility to their own country. Government, they tell us, is seeking occasion for a war, and the seizure of Pensacola, and, for any thing that yet appears to the contrary, the murder of Arbuthnot and Ambrister, have happily occurred to favour the purpose. It is a proof of their moderation, that they have not charged their own Government with having advised these measures, and with employing Gen. Jackson to execute them. Explanations will, doubtless, be demanded; and we hope, they may be given. If Jackson's conduct has not been authorised, as we are bound to believe, by his government, it will be disavowed, and nothing more will follow. If the government of the U. States pursue a course of ambitious aggression, it must be repressed; but its repression does not necessarily support a war with England. They will oppose themselves not so much to England as to associated Europe, and will be expected to be bound by that international Law, which alone binds her and every other power to the great family of nations.—*Liverpool Courier, August* 26.

A London paper states, that Lord Ellenbrough has nearly recovered from his indisposition; but his Lordship expresses his determination to retire from the fatigues of office.

Report says that the Earl of Mulgrave is now to be the first Lord of the Admiralty, and the Duke of Wellington Master General of the Ordnance.

General Count Witgenstein has taken the command of the Russian army of the south, that is to say, on the Turkish frontier, in lieu of Count Bennigsen, who has quitted the service of the Emperor.

It is asserted in the Paris papers, that the opening of the Congress at Aix-la-Chapelle, is deferred, and definitively fixed for the 27th of September next.—It is conjectured, that the sovereigns, who will assemble in that town, will remain there two or three months.

Lord Cochrane has actually sailed from Boulogne for South America, as supposed and taken his wife with him.

A London paper of the 22d of August states that his excellency Mr. Gallatin, ambassador of the United States to his most Christian Majesty, appointed to negociate a commercial treaty between the United States and Great Britain, had arrived at the London Hotel, Albemarle-street.

It is reported that the commercial treaty in negociation at Paris, between France and the United States, is, for the present entirely at a stand; the conferences, on the part of France, being discontinued. The United States, sometime ago, were also refused a commercial treaty with Holland.

Insubordination still exists among the cotton spinners; and there seems to be no disposition among them to return to work, until their demands are complied with.

Private letters were received yesterday from Madrid, dated 6th inst. They state that the serious differences which have existed between Spain and Portugal, are on the point of being amicably settled, through the medium of the three Allied Powers, Great Britain, Russia, and Austria. The conditions of the arrangement are the restitution to Portugal of the city and territory of Olivenza, with the other cantons, as they are termed which were detached from Portugal, by one of those crafty measures so common under the late French government. On its side, the Court of Rio Janeiro is to give up Montevideo, as soon as a Spanish garrison shall arrive from Europe to take possession. This arrangement is said to have met with general approbation in Spain, as it is considered conformable to the principles of Justice and liberality.

AFFAIRS IN INDIA.

LONDON, Aug. 9.

We find by a letter received from Ceylon, that affairs throughout that island are in a state of more alarming confusion than at any former time. Martial law was proclaimed on the 2d of March throughout the whole interior of the country; a general order having been previously issued, directing that neither money nor ammunition should be removed from certain posts therein particularized, without an escort of 20 men. The Governor was obliged to concentrate his forces in the neighbourhood of Candy, where his various detachments have been threatened by the natives. The Dessawe of Ourth; as he is called or some of his adherents, hung upon our communications between Candy and Columbo. The natives are represented to have got together both ammunition and arms. Wishes are expressed that its local administration should be placed immediately under the direct control of the Governor General of India.

The gallantry of our troops, in the course of the late hostilities in India, is likely to be rewarded by a very simple share of prize money. Two hundred camels, laden with treasure, partly silver belonging to the Paishwa, are said to have fallen into the hands of the Bombay troops; and a private letter from Madras, of Feb. 26, states that Major Grant, commanding the Mysore horse, in the capture of Holkar's jewels of which there were no less than fifty camel loads realized so immense a booty, that the share alone of the commander in Chief, Sir T. Hislop, is estimated to be worth more than 100,000*l.* sterling.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 17.

A letter from Fort Gadsen, dated 31st August, says, "that on the 26th, 27th, and 28th inst. a number of Seminole women and children, with some negroes, the whole party amounting to 220, arrived here, having previously surrendered at Fort St. Marks: they were in a state of starvation at the time of their surrender. They say that the warriors are raising the corn which was buried in the ground, and which of course was not destroyed by our troops, and seem determined to recommence the war in the fall. The wife and family of the prophet Francis are among the prisoners: two of his daughters are very interesting young ladies, and speak very good English, as in fact the whole family do except the mother. The eldest, when her father went on board the Thomas Shields, shortly afterwards followed, supposing her to be a British vessel. Before she got alongside, however, she discovered the deception, pushed off and effected her escape. The youngest, and most beautiful, is caressed by all the officers for having saved the life of a Georgia militia man, whom her countrymen had taken prisoner, and were about to put to death, when this modern Pocahontas, finding her entreaties vain, declared her determination to save his life or perish with him: she was successful, and the man was preserved. They all set off to-morrow to join their nation in the neighbourhood of Fort Gaines."

Orleans Gaz.

The sloop General Jackson arrived in the Basin on Tuesday, after a passage of five days from the Havana. Intelligence of the President's determination to restore Pensacola and St. Mark's, had reached Cuba, and excited great exultation among the Spaniards.—*Lou. Gaz.*

A letter has been communicated to us from Nachitochez, dated the 29th July, which contains the following paragraph:

"The Comanches Indians, who had departed in great numbers, about four months since, to make incursions on the Spaniards, had succeeded in taking from them 250 head of horses and mules, in the neighbourhood of St. Antonio. They were tracked by Col. J. Perez, who, having met with them beat them completely, and took from them all their cattle, even the horses which the Indians had when they started from home. The Spaniards of the neighbouring settlements have sent all their herds in the interior, to avoid the rapacity of the Indians, so that our traders, who left here about three months ago, will find no cattle to purchase, unless they remain four months longer and even then it is doubtful whether they will be able to trade.—*Lou. Courier.*

From the Utica Patriot.

Oneida Indians.—On Sunday the 13th ult. the Right Rev. Bishop Hobart visited the Oneida Indians, for the purpose of administering the sacraments and the ordinances of the church. On this occasion, the morning prayer was read in their own language by Mr. Eleazer Williams, a young man of Indian extraction, who has been regularly educated, and who is licensed by the Bishop as the religious instructer of the Indians. The Indians present, joined in the service with great solemnity and devotion, and many of them repeated the responses. They were addressed at considerable length by the Bishop, Mr. Williams acting as interpreter; who also interpreted to them the various offices of baptism, confirmation and the Lord's supper, which the Bishop administered. Twenty-four children were baptised, 59 Indians, young persons and adults, confirmed, and 24 received the holy communion. None were confirmed but those who had been previously prepared by Mr. Williams; and among the number were several of those called the second christian party, who about two years since solemnly professed the christian faith. This renunciation of Paganism was the result of repeated and long continued conferences with Mr. Williams on the evidences of Scripture, and on the nature of the doctrines and duties of Christianity.

The place of worship being nearly filled by the Indians, those who were admitted were much impressed with the solemnity. The reverence and devotion with which the Indians joined in the confession, the supplications and praises of the Liturgy; the solemn attention with which they listened to the instructions and exhortation of the Bishop; the humility and thankfulness evidenced by their prostration on their knees, and by the tears which flowed down the cheeks of several of them, with which they devoted themselves, in the apostolic "laying on of hands," to the God who made them, and the Saviour who shed his blood for them, powerfully interested the feelings of all present.

The Oneidas amount to above a thousand souls, and it must afford high pleasure to every benevolent mind, to hear that the labours of Mr. Williams, under the authority of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this state, for the spiritual improvement of his unfortunate countrymen are thus attended with the divine blessing. We understand that the Bishop is fully satisfied with the piety, the prudence, and the laborious zeal of Mr. Williams, and with his countrymen.

[From the Washington City Gazette.]

To the Corn Planters of the U. States.

Having been a sufferer by the lateness of the valuable article of corn, I have found a very good remedy, which is as follows: First, dig a small piece of ground in your enclosures, and then plant a quantity of corn in rows, so that while you are preparing your field that which is previously planted will be plants ready for transplanting by the time the other ground is prepared. By this means you will save time, and have your corn sooner than usual, because while you are tilling your extensive enclosures the plants will be growing.

THOMAS DERHIGE.

Marlborough, Md. Aug. 1, 1818.

SOLITARY INHABITANT OF A ROCK.

Calcutta, India, April 29.

We take the following curious account from a Bombay paper: "Captain Powell of the Queen Charlotte, informs us of the interesting circumstance of his having recovered from a rock, 31 miles N. W. of Nooaheevah, (one of the Marquessus) a man that had been its solitary inhabitant for nearly three years. His account stated, that early in 1814, he proceeded thither from Nooaheevah, with four others all of whom had left an American ship there, for the purpose of procuring feathers, that were in high estimation among the natives of Nooaheevah; but loosing their boat on the rock, three of his companions in a short time perished, through famine, and principally from thirst, as there was no water but what was supplied by rains. His fourth companion continued with him but a few weeks, when he formed a resolution of attempting to swim, with the aid of a splintered fragment which remained of their boat, to an Island, in which effort he must have inevitably perished. He had once, himself attempted to quit his forlorn situation, by constructing a catamaran, but failed, and lost all means of any future attempts. They had originally taken fire with them from Nooaheevah, which he had taken care to continue excepting on one occasion, when it became extinguished, and never could have been restored, but by a careful preservation of three or four grains of gun-powder, and the lock of a musket which he had broke up for the construction of his catamaran. The flesh and blood of wild beasts were his sole aliment—with the latter he quenched his thirst in seasons of long droughts, and the skulls of his departed companions were his only drinking vessels. The discovery made of him from the Charlotte was purely accidental; the rock was known to be desolate and barren, and the appearance of a fire, as the vessel passed it on an evening, attracted notice, and produced an enquiry, which proved fortunate to the forlorn inhabitant, in procuring his removal to Nooahevah, where he was left under the care of Mr. Wilson, an European, who had resided there many years, and who had previously known him.

Ground Ginger.

ORMSBY & DOANE

Have For Sale 50 Kegs GROUND GINGER, of a superior quality, lower than can be purchased in this market, and they will keep a constant supply on hand

Pittsburgh, October 16, 1818.

Pittsburgh Prices Current,

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES	From	D.	
ALE,	doz.	3	
Ashes pot,	lb.	6¼	
—— pearl,		8	
Anchors,		25	
Bacon, Kentucky,		12½	14
—— country,		12½	
Bottles,	groce	24	
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7	
—— Pilot,		5	
utter,	lb.	15	18½
Candles, mould, tallow,		25	
—— dipt,		20	
Castings assorted,	ton	120	125
Cheese,	lb.	12½	
Coffee,			40
Cotton,		35	
Cordage,		12½	11
Cider,	bbl.	2 50	3
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8	11
—— do. com.		5 50	
—— Pitts. sup.		7 50	9
—— do. com.		4 50	
—— country,			
Clover seed	bush.	10	
Feathers,	lb.	62½	
Flax, clean,		12½	12
—— seed,	bush.	62½	
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6	
—— com.		5	
—— rye,	cwt.		
—— corn meal,		1 50	1 75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3	4
Glass, Pitt. 8 by 10	box	12	
man. 100 10 by 12		13	
sq. feet. 12 by 14		14	
Grain, wheat,	bush	1	
—— rye		50	
—— barley,		75	
—— corn,		50	62½
—— oats,		33	37½
Glue,	lb.	25	30
Gunpowder,		45	
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200	210
—— Monongahela,		180	
—— hoop, large,		235	240
—— do. small,		250	
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.	20	
—— do. foreign,		22	
Lead, pig,		7	
—— bar,		9	
—— red,			
—— white, dry		19	
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22	
Lumber, boards, pine,	1000f.	75	1 75
—— do. oak,		1	2 50
Leather, soal, Spanish,		38	40
—— do. country,	lb.	31	33
—— upper,	side	3	3 50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.	14½	19
—— wrought,		22	25
—— spikes			
Oil linseed,	gal.	87½	
—— fish	bbl.	40	
Pork,		20	
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3	
—— barrell,		9	
Plaster of Paris,	ton		
Pipes,	groce	5	
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4 50	
—— do. 2,		4	
—— do. 3,		3 50	
—— printing demy,		3	
—— do. medium.		3 50	
—— do. royal,		4	
—— do. sup. royal,		4 50	
Peach, Brandy.	gal.	75	
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	8	
—— Lake,		8 50	
—— Kenhawa,		7	
Segars, Spanish,	box	10	15
—— American,	1000	2 50	
Shot, all sizes,	lb.	11	
Skin, Deer,		16	
—— muskrat,	skin	22	25
—— racoon,		40	50
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30	33
—— American,		23	25
—— German,	lb.	25	
—— blistered,	cwt.	17	
Soap, white,	lb.	15	
—— rosin,		15	
Sugar, N. Orleans.		18	20
—— country,		16	
—— loaf,		34	
—— lump,		32	
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5	
Salt Petre, crude,		20	25
—— refined,		33	34
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000		
—— oak, lap,			
Staves, hogshead,			
—— barrel,			
Tallow,		12½	13
Tobacco, Kentucky,		15	18
—— Pittsburgh.		23	25
—— leaf,		7	8
Tin, in boxes,	box	23	25
—— block,	lb.	30	
Wool Merino, clean,		40	62½
—— fleece,			
—— half breed,			
—— quarter,			
—— common, clean,		30	37½
—— fleece,			
Wax, bees,		25	
Whiskey, rye,	gal.	45	

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	8	10
Pork,		8	10
Veal,		8	10
Mutton,		8	10
Turkeys,	piece	75	1 75
Ducks	pair	50	57
Chickens,		37½	50
Butter,	lb.	25	35
Eggs,	doz.	12½	15
Fish,	lb.	12½	15

Proposals

WILL be received, for building a CHURCH at the Round-hill, in the forks of Youghiogany untill the 14th of November next.—A plan of which may be seen by calling on either of the subscribers, at their residence.

DAVID ALLEN,
JAMES BRICE,
JAMES POWER.

October 9, 1818.

TO LET.

A THREE story brick warehouse in Front between Market and Wood streets, adjoining Messrs. Allen and Grant and Bosler & Co.

ALSO a store-room, shop and dwelling house in Market street.——Apply to

A. BELLEN.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20th, 1818.

One case of Holland Quills,

assorted—Some of superior quality.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

October 9, 1818.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday Morning, Oct. 20.

Eection Returns.

Congress.	*Allegheny.*	*Butler.*
Henry Baldwin,	1821	492
Samuel Douglass.	1268	635
Assembly,		
William Marks,	2899	862
Walter Forward,	1763	413
John Gilmore,	1758	472
John Wilson,	1669	335
William Cochran,	1305	592
Andrew Christy,	1293	500
Joseph Reed,	1250	410

The counties of Allegheny and Butler compose a district, and elect one member of Congress, and four members of the State Legislature. The returns from Butler county are not official, but we believe they are substantially correct: it appears, therefore, that Henry Baldwin is re-elected to Congress by a majority of 510 votes—William Marks, (who ran on both tickets), Walter Forward, John Gilmore, and John Wilson, are elected members of the State Legislature.

Robert S. Leckey, is elected Coroner of Allegheny county, by a majority of 517 votes, and Robert Magee, Commissioner, by a majority of 532.

There was no opposition to Silas Engles as Auditor.

The Irish population of Allegheny and Butler counties have proved themselves worthy of the name of adopted citizens of the United States. Their conduct at the *last* election exhibits their character to the world in a very interesting point of view. A people of warm feelings, who have been too often deceived by the demagogues of party: having groaned under the most violent oppression in their own country, unfair means have been taken on their arrival amongst us, to excite their fears and prejudices. In this the enemies of order and the prosperity of our country have but too often succeeded. A new æra, however, opens upon this useful and worthy class of our citizens. Their eyes are opened to the real interests of their adopted country, and they appear to be resolved to think and act for themselves. The election of Mr. Baldwin is in some measure the result of this glorious determination. They have sacrificed their national prejudices, on this occasion, to the public interest, and the most beneficial consequences may be expected to flow from this patriotic course. In this country they are not the vassals of landlords who have no interest in *their tenantry*; they own a share in our *soil*, and they participate in the anxieties and feelings of the natural citizens of America. They have an important stake in the welfare of the country, and their views ought to be pointed to its aggrandizement.

We offer our congratulations to the district of Allegheny and Butler, on the result of the election. It presents a pleasing ground for believing that party spirit which has too long disfigured the moral face of our country, has lost the greatest part of its virulence. We are confident that the most unremitting endeavours were made to keep up its force, and this very circumstance encreases our pleasure on its failure. We have interests to attend to at present, as regards the prosperity of our country, widely different from mere party considerations, and certainly of much more importance; indeed, they have assumed a shape doubly serious, since the electioneering campaign began, as an opposition has arisen to our welfare, from a quarter we had no right to expect it from. We have found a gentleman high in office, strongly advocating the Cumberland road, and really indifferent about the success of manufactures; yes, a Senator of the United States from Pennsylvania! It behoves us, under these circumstances, to be doubly alert. We have every thing to hope, from the exertions of our member; if he succeed, the country around Pittsburgh for 200 miles "will flourish as the rose." But we find he will have much to contend with, as an enemy is likely to rise up among ourselves. We must call in the people east of the mountains to our assistance.

It is amusing to see with what eagerness some of the New England editors seize upon any and every thing that tends to cast a shade, over that country, which they sneeringly call the "land of promise." It seems that two or three families after emigrating to Ohio, have returned to the land of their nativity, no doubt under the influence of what is called, among the swiss 'la maladie du pays.' The great complaint against this new country, and one which these worthy news-mongers seize upon with such triumph, is the price of provisions, such as grain, meat, &c. Now, with all due deference, to our logical brethren of the east, we humbly conceive their argument is one which on the least reflection must operate directly in the teeth of the conclusion they wish to draw. We take it for granted that in all new countries to which a great flood of emigration is directed, agricultural products must be high at first, from the simple reason that the established population is not in proportion to the new visitors, and that agriculture cannot be brought to perfection but by slow degrees. Is it possible that the farmers of old countries can suppose that they will find farms ready cleared, fenced and stocked? or do they suppose that the pioneers in a new country can devote in the beginning, their whole time to raising grain in place of chopping and grubbing? When writers resort to this kind of argument, they certainly do not believe what they say. The old objection, now however obsolete, founded on the existence of the fever and ague was much better; but even this disease proceeded from the fertility of the soil. In all new countries the first settlers must calculate upon many privations and hardships; but the fact is, that to the west of Muskingum, as far the Mississippi there is the finest body of land in America.

[We extract the following from an essay in the '*Journal of the Times*' published in Baltimore, by PAUL ALLEN, Esq. of which work we have only received the first and fourth numbers. We should be happy to receive the 2d and 3d.]

'A gentleman who has devoted much of his time to Agricultural pursuits has assured us that he has made frequent experiments on his apple orchard and he has never known the experiment, which we shall now state, to fail in a single instance. His orchard contains a great variety of apple trees, some trees bearing very sweet some very acid fruit, and others partaking of both these properties. He declares that in the vernal season when his trees are in full blossom, he has frequently taken the farina from one tree, for example where the fruit is very sweet and deposited it on the flowers of a particular branch of another tree whose fruit is extremely acid. The apples of that particular branch will he assures us combine these two properties for that season, and by this simple process, he asserts that he can easily provide himself for that season with apples perfectly to his taste, which he considers a much more expeditious and equally as certain a process as that of grafting. We mention this fact for the information of those of our country friends who may be disposed hereafter to try this simple experiment.

From the National Intelligencer.

We find the following article of intelligence in the New-York paper of the 3d instant:

"We learn by the Commodore Porter from St. Mary's, that several thousand Indians and Negroes had collected in the neighborhood of St. Augustine, and become troublesome to the frontier inhabitants of Georgia. It was even said that they had encroached so far towards St. Mary's as to render the communication with the southern borders unsafe."

We are under the impression that much of the alarm respecting the Indians and negroes in Florida is without sufficient ground. Oral accounts inform us that these Indians have been congregated near St. Augustine, for the purpose of inducing them to relinquish their title to certain unappropriated lands in Florida, of which, it is reported, a pack of speculators are about to possess themselves, by cessions from Spain of the privilege of purchasing from the Indians.

Capt. Barry, arrived at New-York, in 28 days from the Main, reports that exertions were making to strengthen the royal forces at Porto Carvello, and most of the country people who came into the town, with their mules, were impressed for the service. There were numerous Patriots privateers off the port.

The Dandies have adopted great economy in the article of linen, the shirt is almost universally exploded as an old fashioned incumbrance. A modern beaux's complete dress suit of linen consists only of a collar, a pair of wristbands and a neckcloth. The whole may be conveniently carried in a pocket book.

It is said the French ministry have determined to exclude Buenos Ayrean armed vessels, but to admit their merchantmen into French ports.

Letters from Buenos Ayres of 13th May state that a Treaty of Commerce and Alliance has been concluded between the American and Buenos Ayrean governments, in which the trade of the United States is to have the preference of every other nation.

The German papers say, the Russians are making advances on the Prussian frontier: and that they excite the continued jealousy of the British Cabinet.

One of our correspondents observes, that the National Painting, respecting "The Declaration of Independence," executed by Col. Trumbull, and to be placed in the Capitol at Washington, is now exhibited in the room of the Academy of Fine Arts, in the New-York Institution. The picture represents the session of Congress, at the moment when the committee who were to draft the Declaration of Independence, are presenting it, by Mr. Jefferson their Chairman, to Mr. Hancock the President of Congress. The President is sitting by a table on his right hand stands the venerable Charles Thompson, the secretary of Congress; in front, presenting the Declaration stands Mr. Jefferson; on his left Dr. Franklin, and on his right Chancellor Livingston, Roger Sherman, and President Adams. There are forty-seven figures in the whole—nineteen in a standing and the remainder in a sitting posture.—The portraits are likenesses of those heroick and high minded men, who, placing their confidence in the justice of their cause, and in the favour of heaven dared to pronounce these United States "free, sovereign, and independent." The likenesses are intended to represent the members as they appeared in 1776, and with the costume of that day.

PARIS, Oct. 14.

An article from Constantinople states that on the 7th of June the Baron de Strogonoff, the Russian Minister, was insulted by a Turk, who met him on the promenade. The Baron complained very energetically to the Reis Efiendi, who promised him justice. Two days afterwards the Vizier sent to the hotel of the Russian Minister, stating that the Turk in question was in prison, and that he should be placed at the disposal of the Minister to undergo whatever punishment he pleased, the Vizier, recommending at the same time, that the Turk should lose his head. The minister, however, requested the release of the man, which was complied with; and the next day the Cadi published at Constinople a very severe order, as to the respect due to Foreign Ministers, and all those who were under their protection.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The Wellington Testimonial.—The first stone was laid on the 18th of June, 1817, the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo, in the most eligible situation in the Phœnix Park, Dublin. This pile is composed, wholly, of that very durable stone called granite, and will occupy the attention of the artists for another year, viz. till the 18th of June, 1819, on which day it will be presented to public view. Its base is 100 feet square—slooping upwards, it forms itself into a pedestial 50 feet square, with another pedestial in front on which stands an equestrian figure of the illustrious duke. Then above that rises the shaft of the obelisk, which is 30 feet at the bake. The whole rises 210 feet. On each of the four sides will be engraven, in brass letters, the names of the different victories, cast out of the cannon taken in India, Spain, Portugal and France. A subscription of 20,000*l.* (the whole raised from private funds, and every subscriber an Irishman,) was completed in the course of a few weeks. Mr. Robert Smirke furnished the design.

Strange inducement to commit Murder.—About three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, a respectable looking man, about 45 years of age went into the shop of James Ripley, a barber, residing in Portland-road, and waited until he found the barber alone; he took his handkerchief from his neck, opened his shirt collar, and sat down on the chair as if to be shaved. Whilst the barber stood over him with his razor in his hand ready to begin the operation, the stranger interrupted him, and pulling out a handful of bank-notes, he thus addressed the barber:—"See these notes, there is as much here as will make you comfortable for life: to me they are useless; you have a family to provide for, I have no person living to look to, or that cares for me; do not be alarmed at what I am going to propose to you, you run no danger, and will have nothing to account for; I am weary of life, and do not wish to commit suicide, and if my body be buried in the cross road I do not care; take your razor, be not afraid, and whilst I am reading the paper cut my throat; do not start, give the alarm and say I did it; here first go and conceal those notes: do not tremble, be resolute; to save you from blame go get me a sheet of paper, pen and ink, as if I wanted to write a letter, and I will write on it, that I came into your shop with the determined purpose of cutting my own throat; this will be found in my pocket, and consequently clear you."—The poor barber was panic struck, and could not speak, he ran out to call a constable, and give the alarm; in the mean time this strange visitor departed and he has not since been heard of.

Death from Fright.—An inquisition was taken last night before Hugh Lewis, Esquire, Coroner, at the Pine Apple, Pimlico, on the body of Mrs. Mary Ann Brady, of No. 6, Palace street, Pimlico.

Sarah Garner deposed, that she was a servant to the deceased; she had lived with her about nine years. On Tuesday morning, about one o'clock, witness heard a violent knocking at the street door: she got out of bed and opened her chamber window, and saw two watchmen standing at the front door; they called out "There are thieves in the house;" and they wished to come in and search, to discover where they were concealed. Witness was going down stairs to let the watchmen in, and the deceased called to know what was the matter; she informed her what the watchmen had told her, and the deceased went in apparent fright to her chrmber. Witness let the watchmen in, and they searched the premises, but could not find any one, though a gentleman persisted that he had seen a man get over the railing of the area. Witness returned up stairs, and found the deceased fallen on the floor, greatly terrified; she endeavoured to pacify her, but her terror was so great, that she become senseless. A surgeon was sent for; she died in three hours after. Witness believed her death was caused by excessive fright, from an idea that there were thieves in the house. Witness believed that the mind of the deceased was more effected by her having been a short time before reading in a paper the account of the murder and execution of Godalming.

A writer in the democratic Register of New-Haven thinks that when the new constitution of Connecticut is adopted, that real estate will rise in value; and "one of the principal causes of emigration will then cease."

This reminds us of an old woman living on the boundaries of North and South Carolina—who, when the division line was designated, being informed that her house was on the North Carolina side, exclaimed, "I am *despat* glad, for I always heard that South Carolina was a mighty unhealthy place."

[*Newburyport Herald.*

VEVAY, (Indiana,) Sept. 15.

WINE PROSPECTS.

Our industrious vine-dressers have the most heart-cheering prospects presented to them this season. Their beautiful vine-yards present, at this time, the most sublime appearance; and we have every reason to suppose, that their labours will be crowned with the most beautiful vintage, that they have ever witnessed.

From the National Register.

An elegant Church.—A large Unitarian, or first Independent Church, lately erected in Baltimore, under the superintendance of the celebrated architect Godsfrey, will compare, it is said, with any public building in the United Sates. One of the Baltimore papers gives a full description of this superb edifice; of which our readers will be able to form some idea from the following representation of the pulpit:—

"The pulpit is in imitation of the antique Rostrum: it rests upon a double square base, the first of verd antique marble of Connecticut; the second of white Italian marble; the latter is decorated on its front with a bronze ornament, imitated from the antique. The body of the pulpit, which is semi-circular, is made of bird's eye marble. It is ascended by eight steps on each side, enclosed by a ballustrade of an imposing style, the base of which is of the same verd antique marble. On the landing places on each side are to be armed chairs in the Grecian style, ornamented with bronze, for the accommodation of visiting ministers."

The organ is described as representing a colossal antique lyre, the large pipes imitating the strings; two Egyptian columns enclose the whole, the pipes forming their shafts.

Weld, the British traveller, calculates that 255,000 tons of Water descend at the falls of Niagara every minute.

HINT TO THE FAIR SEX.

The committee of health, says the Gazette de Saute of Paris, having inquired into the cause why head, tooth, and jaw aches were more violent and common to the female than the male sex, has finally discovered that this excessive disproportion originated from women wearing gilt, copper, or bad gold ear rings; that the perspiration produced verdigris, which entering the lymphatick parts of the blood occasioned violent pains which resisted common remedies.

An epigram on the late King of Prussia and a receipt by Voltaire.

An Epigram was many years ago handed about Berlin, and shewn to the King, who with the spirit of Lord Mansfield, deemed it a libel because it was true; and instead of fineing an information, and taking the tedious methods practised in this country took a summary way of punishing the author, who he knew from internal evidence must be Voltaire, who was then a resident in Berlin.

He sent his serjeant at arms (one of the tall regiment,) not with a mace and scrap of parchment, but with such an instrument as the English drummers use for the good of such foot soldiers as commit any offence against *the law military*.

The Prussian hero went to the poet, & told him he came by his Majesty's special command, to reward him for an epigram on his royal master, by administering 30 lashes on his naked back. The poor philosopher knew that remonstrance was vain, and after submitting with the best grace he could, opened the door, and made the farewell *cogne* to his unwelcome visitor; who did not offer to depart, but told him with the most germanic gravity; that the ceremony was not concluded; for that the monarch he had the honor of serving, must be convinced that his commission was punctually fulfilled, on which account he must have a receipt. This was also submitted to, and given in manner and form following.

"Received from the right hand of Conrad Rachossner, thirty lashes on my naked back, being in full for an epigram on Frederick the third, King of Prussia;—I say received by me Voltaire. Vive le Roy."

This anecdote was not known until after the death of Voltaire, when old Frederick in a facetious moment produced the receipt to some of his favorite courtiers.

FRESH FALL GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a part of his FRESH FALL GOODS, and expects considerable additions.

HAS ON HAND OF

DRY-GOODS,

RED, Yellow and White FLANNELS,
Red, green and bocking Baize,
Kersey moleskin and Coatings,
Grass, bottle-green, blue, purple, London and Paris brown Pelisse cloths,
Superfine, fine and course Cloths, assort. col.
8-4 9-4 10-4 and 11-4 rose & point Blankets,
A quantity of large Hearth Rugs, fancy patterns,
Bed-ticking, cotton checks and olive velvets, assorted,
Bombazetts and callicoes, of various colors,
4-4 and 6-4 course and fine cambric and shirting Muslins,
Book, lenno, jaconet, mull and fancy ditto
Cotton shawls, and silk and cotton handkerchiefs, general assortment,
Thread, silk and cotton laces & ribbons, do. do

With a general assortment of other articles in the Dry Good line.

OF HARDWARES.

Cast and German Steel, hand, tenant and compass saws,
Chisels and plane irons, Cams and other good marks, well assorted,
Files, rasps, sprigs, tacks, awls, &c. a variety,
S S, knob, trunk, chest, till, desk, and pad locks, assorted,
A variety of knives and forks, pen and pocket knives, table and tea spoons, well assort'd

BRASS-WARES,

Commode knobs, handles and rings, till knobs and brass nails,
Brass and Iron candlesticks, pocket and tin lanterns, and German lamps,
Low priced neat walking canes and riding whips, assorted,
Sweeping, shoe, hearth and clothes brushes,
Fine and coarse combs, assorted,
Butt, table, brass, hinges, and screws,
Knob and thumb latches, cupboard turns, straight bolts—and almost every kind of Hardware, suitable for buildings etc.

With an excellent variety of other Hardware, and many scarce articles in the line.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries and Queensware

SHOES,

GLASS WARE & TIN WARE,

ALSO

4 reams glass or sand paper, and paper hangings,
Tobacco, American and Spanish segars, cut and dry tobacco,
2000 lbs. Shot, assorted, also Powder & lead,
20 gross watch chrystals,
A quantity of sharp Ginger, by the keg,
Rosin, logwood and copperas,
Lisbon and Sherry Wines, Jamaica Spirits and country Gin,
100 country bags, linen, yarn, country socks, etc. etc.

The whole comprising a very general assortment of Seasonable Goods; all of which will be sold at a fair market price.

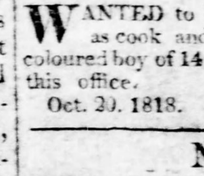
ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Who wants to purchase a quantity of BEES-WAX.

October 20, 1818. 5

*** Unchartered, foreign, torn and small notes and tickets, will be received in payment as usual, on as fair terms as can (consistent with safety) be afforded.

Notice.



CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in Pitt Township, sometime last spring, a bright BAY HORSE about 14 hands high & upwards of nine years old. The owner is requested to prove property pay charges and take him away.

A. BEELEN.

Oct. 15, 1818.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

R. BOWEN & CO.

21 bbls. CIDER ROYAL,
PRIME SHAD,
PECAW NUTS,

ON HAND

CASTINGS, BAR IRON, BAR & PIG LEAD,
Roram & Wool Hats.

Pittsburgh, October 20,

John Teale,

Corner of Market street and the Diamond,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of this city and its vicinity, that he has just received a large assortment of

STRAW, CHIP and LEGHORN

Bonnets,

Silk Velvet, and fashionable Collars,

He has also a CRIMPING MACHINE for crimping muslin silk satin. Ladies that have any thing in that line, can have it done cheap.

Pittsburgh, October 20, 1818.

WANTED.

WANTED to hire a coloured woman to act as cook and do house-work.—Likewise a coloured boy of 14 or 15 years of age. Apply to this office.

Oct. 20. 1818.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received at the commissioner's office until the first day of December next, for the erection of bridges over the Four mile run where the state road crosses, near its mouth on the Monongahela river, in Pat township and over Pine creek on the Butler road in Pine township. The contractors to furnish all materials. Information as to the plans &c. may be had on enquiry at the office.

By order of the Commissioners,

JAMES M. RIDDLE, Clk.

Pittsburgh Oct. 20, 1818.

ORIGINAL.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Fragment of irregular lines on the ancient Mythology.

Cortes a good improving book,
That Pantheon of Mister Tooke,
Which tells the folks who ne'er learnt Greek or Latin,
The names and actions too,
Of that heavenly, beastly crew,
Whose worship the poor ancients were so pat in.
In the first rank were Jupiter and Juno,
A very pretty pair as you know,
And Pluto their brother,
(Did you ever hear of such another)
Who wedlock loved (domestic soul) so well,
As to come for a wife all the way from hell.
Then Mars and Neptune strapping fellows,
And Vulcan with his forge and bellows,
A handy lad among the metals,
Who made most charming pots and kettles.
And Momus ever gay and funny,
And Venus sweet as Hyblean honey,
And sly young Cupid, round whose bow'rs of love,
Such dear, delicious, thrilling torment lingers,
And Mercury who stole the bolts of Jove,
But let them fall because they burnt his fingers;
And bright haired Phoebus too, so spruce and sleek,
Who played upon the fiddle and the flute,
And kept nine handsome lasses,
At his lodgings on Parnassus,
Yet still was such a strange, cold blooded brute
As hardly to go to see them once a week;
And chaste Diana, Old Latona's daughter
Who got so miff'd,
Because poor Actaeon saw her in the water,
Without her shift,
Then chang'd him spitefully to end the strife,
Into a stag; 'twas hard upon my life,
To give him horns before he'd got a wife.
All these and many more well worth attention
But like the cures of quack physicians,
Performed on every age and all conditions,
By far too numerous to mention.

☞BOOK BORROWING.

THE person who borrowed the 'Lusiad" of Camoens and Homer's "Illiad," from one of the editors of this paper, will confer a favour by returning them, as peculiar circumstances have given them a value to him, much beyond their actual price: they were presents from a deceased friend.

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,

100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,
15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,
20 Tons Juniata Iron,
FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED RIFLE POWDER,
1 Ton American Blistered Steel,
70 Barrels Fresh Flour.

Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcords—Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.
Pittsburgh, May 5, 1818.

John H. Crane,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
LOUISVILLE, (Kentucky.)

WILL attend to business in his profession, in the County of Jefferson, and in the United States Circuit Court at Frankfort.

References. { Henry Baldwin, Esq. / Wm. Robinson, Jr. } *Pittsburgh*

August 4, 1818. 6m

Just Received & For Sale,

BY

Joseph Hill & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 lbs roll Brimstone	Irish Glue
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root	Rosin
1 do Liquorice Root	Copal Varnish,
1 do Senna Leaves,	1 case Magnesia
1 do Orange Peel	1 case Manna
1 do Pink Root	1 case Camphor
2 do Juniper Berries	3 dozen Apothecary Scales
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.	12 doz Spatulas, assortd
1 bbl. English Epson Salts.	12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
8bls. Glauber Salts.	Orris Root
Ditto powdered Barks	Oat-meal
Ditto Cream Tartar	Opium
Ditto Cinamon	Calomel
Ditto Gentian Root	Cantharides
400 lb English blue Vitriol	Barley, Rhubarb
2 bbls Venetian Red	Jalap, Ginger
30 kegs ditto ground in oil	Windsor Soap
1 case Gum Copal	Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
8bls Spanish Brown	Phials—assorted
8bls Spanish Whiting	Allum
Verdegris by the sack	Copperass
Oil Vitriol by the carboy	Indigo
Blue Strewing Smalts	Gall's Logwood, etc.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs, Paints. Patent Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

All which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.
Pttsburgh, July 21, 1818. 1awtf

To Printers.

I WILL sell a Fount of Pica, of 225 lbs. weight also, a Fount of American Cannon, five line Pica and seven line Pica, *entirely new*; a Fount of Double English, about a third worn, the figure of a horse, composing stick, &c. Enquire at the Gazette office, of

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 3, 1818.

To Let,

THAT convenient HOUSE, in Wood street—now occupied by Armstrong and Ewing. Possession given the 1st of August next.

Enquire of Doctor P. Mowry, or the subscriber. PH. MOWRY.

Pittsburgh, July 24

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,

Pittsburgh, Ma 19 1818,——1awtf

When I relinquished the publication of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bill I hold, will pay attention to this notice.

Six Cents Reward

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 14th inst. an Apprentice to the Tayloring business named BARNEY HINES, about 18 years of age; had on when he went away a black coat, and velvet pantaloons; walks with a crutch.—The above reward will be paid for apprehending said Apprentice, but no charges.

HENRY THOMPSON.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

William W. Howell, & Co

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Dido from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 12, 1818.—— 2aw tf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix.
PETER MOWRY,
JAMES PATTERSON, } Exec'rs.

May 20, 1818. tf

A Most Valuable Estate,

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law.

July 24, 1818.

☞ The editors of the Lancaster Journal, Berks and Schuylkill Journal, and Village Record, will ert the above 3 times, and forward their acnsunts to the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette co payment.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JANUARY, WINANS & JANUARY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to *Samuel January, Senr. & Co.* by whom the Storage and Commission business will be transacted in future.

Those having claims against said firm will apply as above.

SAMUEL JANUARY, *Senr.*
MATTHIAS WINANS,
SAMUEL A. JANUARY.

Maysville, April 18, 1818.——tf

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED,

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive a large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and frisged handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19, 1818.——tf

30 Barrels PRIME SHAD,

FOR SALE BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, August 18.

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st of October next,

The Warehouse,

NOW occupied by ALLEN & GRANT, in Wood Street, near the Monongahela River. For particulars apply to,

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, August 15, 1818.

Anshutz & Rahm,

HAVE

Removed

TO the House lately occupied by Messrs. ALLEN & GRANT

They have for sale, a handsome assortment of

Juniata Bar, & Roll'd Iron,
NAILS,
CROWLY AND BLISTERED STEEL,
IRON WARE,
Of different kinds, Axes, Hoes, Plough-Irons, &c.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF KENTUCKY

Tobacco,

OF A GOOD QUALITY.

Geneva Window Glass,
BAR LEAD,
30,000 lbs. Shot, assorted,
ALSO
20 bbls. prime Country Sugar
30 barrels best quality
NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——2awtf

Kilgore & Taylor,

Commission Merchants,

CINCINNATI, (OHIO.)

HAVE a large & convenient WARE-HOUSE in Front near Main street, where they transact on business on COMMISSION, generally

May 5, 1818.

Taken Up

BY the subscriber living on Grant's Hill, about two miles from Pittsburgh, a Dark Bay or Brown HORSE, about 14 hands high, supposed to be 9 or 10 years old, has some saddle-marks, has a very small star in his face, and two white spots between his nostrils and eyes—no other marks perceivable; has a pair of old shoes on his hind feet. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take him away.

JOHN FINLEY.

October 17, 1818.

A Quantity

OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY

BACON,

For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, July 24.

Armstrong & Ewing.

Wood, between First & Second streets.

Have For Sale,

And are as us usual well supplied with

Groceries and Liquors,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Queensware,

BY THE CRATE—assorted

Also an Invoice of

HARDWARE:

Consisting of Mill and Cross-cut saws—Mouse-hole and common Anvils; Vices; patent Straw-Knives; Drawing Knives; Frying-pans; Steel-yards; Curry-combs; Iron Candlesticks; trowels; &c. which will be disposed of on liberal terms.

ALSO

A quantity of first rate CLARET WINE, by the dozen.

Pittsburgh, September 18, 1818.

Valuable Estate with Merchant Mills, for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, adjoining Noblestown, situated on Robinson's run in Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa. twelve miles from Pittsburgh; on which, there are improvements equal to any in the western country, consisting of a merchant Grist MILL, SAW-MILL and CARDING Machinery, all lately rebuilt anew and in complete order, about 200 acres cleared, and under good fence, of which a sufficient proportion is bottom and good meadow—a large orchard of choice fruit of different kinds. There are on different parts of the tract, two large, well finished and convenient square log houses, one of which has an additional building of stone, with two convenient rooms. There are stables, a barn and other out houses This tract is well watered, and can all be cultivated. It is susceptible of division, and will be divided to suit purchasers. The Mills, one dwelling house with from fifty to two hundred acres can be laid off in one tract, and the balance will be sold altogether or divided to suit purchasers. For a farther description and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to John McDonald, esq. Pittsburgh.

HENRY NOBLE.

September 18, 1818.

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS taken into partnership his brother JOHN HILL. Their business will be transacted under the firm of

William & John Hill:

Who have just received and offer for sale at their Wholesale Warehouse,

In Market, near Front street—and at their Retail Store, corner of Market and Fourth streets,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FRESH GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE habit and second cloths—blue, black, brown, mixed and bottle,
Milled and common cassimeres—blue, black, mixed, drab and buff,
Flannels, baizes and bombazetts,
Cords, velvets, and cotton cassimeres,
Prints, ginghams, cambric, fancy and colored muslins,
Shirtings, checks and tickings,
Domestic plaids and stripes,
Fancy and common waist-coating,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks
Canton and French crapes,
Bandanna, black silk and Madrass handkerchiefs,
Irish linnen, lawn and linnen cambric,
Ditto shirting, dowlas and diaper,
Men's and woman's Beaver and silk gloves,
Ditto ditto silk, worsted and cotton hose,
Ribbands, galoons, laces, silk and cotton shawls,
Buttons, sewing silk,
Silk twist, Scotch thread, linnen tapes,
Bindings, needles, pins, combs,
Suspenders, bonnets,
Looking glasses, tea trays and a great variety of fancy articles.

An assortment of

HANGING PAPER

An assortment of fine and common

CUTLERY.

Anvils, vices, frying pans, trace chains,
Coffee-mills,
WALDRON'S corn and grass scythes,
German scythes and straw knives,
German and Millington crowley steel,
Sheet-iron,
Ter-kettles, &c.

Queensware,

IN ASSORTED CRATES.

China tea sets and fancy Liverpool ware,

COFFEE, in bags,

Young Hyson Tea, in chests and boxes,

Chocolate,	Spanish indigo,
Pepper,	Copperas,
Allspice,	Logwood,
Ginger,	Windsor soap,
Cloves,	Figs,
Nutmegs,	Tanners' oil.

A general assortment of

SHOES.

☞ The most of the above goods were bought by the package on moderate terms, and will now be sold at a small advance.

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——1awtf

CRATE WAREHOUSE.

H. Langtry & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Market Streets.

Have received, and will always keep, an extensive supply of

Queensware,

which they will sell by the Crate at the most reduced prices, for cash or approved acceptances. They have also on hand a neat assortment of HARDWARE and SADDLERY.

A few barrels prime trim'd SHAD, for family use. Pittsburgh, July 30, 1818. 2aw4w.

Broke

INTO the enclosure of the subscriber living about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, in Pitt township, TWO HORSES—one a chesnut sorrel, with one white foot, a star in his forehead, and three small saddle spots, about, 14 hands high, racks and paces. The other, a dim sorrel, about 14 hands high, has a few white hairs in his forehead, with a light mane and tail, he paces. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

JOSHUA DYKUS.

October 16, 1818.

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER.

THE subscribers having been appointed by Messrs. Dupont's agents for the western country, they will always have a regular supply of this Powder, and are enabled to sell it at cost and charges.

BOSLER & CO.

Who have received a quantity of

Prime Feathers.

May 19, 1818. tf

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following very valuable Tracts of Land situated in Beaver county, North-Sewickly township, state of Pennsylvania, in Leets' district of depreciation lands: viz.

No. 190—216 acres or thereabouts, with allowance—On which tract is erected a good frame dwelling house, a barn, and other out houses, with about 30 acres cleared, and an excellent spring before the house.

No. 178—130 acres—To this tract belongs one third part of a Saw-Mill and has about 18 acres cleared.

No. 173—208½ acres and allowance, on which is cleared about 16 acres. These three tracts lay contigious to each other, and have between 3 and 400 acres of first rate bottom land, and particularly calculated for grazing farms, and large dairies—it is well watered by Connequenessing and Brush creeks, besides small brooks and springs—with a good Mill seat on Brush creek—lying in a very thriving settlement, from 34 to 6 miles from two Iron works, and surrounded by 4 merchants mills, at the distance of 1½ to 6 miles; it is about 5 miles and a half from Harmony, 9 miles from Beaver town, and 25 from Pittsburgh.—For further information, apply to Stephen Runyon, esq. near the premises or to Dr. James Agnew, in Pittsburgh, as that gentleman is perfectly acquainted with the above property, or to the subscriber.

ALSO

1150 acres of first rate upland, on Toby's Stump creek, Armstrong county, from 2½ to 4 miles from the Allegheny river: viz.

No. 450—containing 333 acres, with a good improvement on it.

No 891—400 acres, with two good improvements on it, with about 60 acres cleared.

No. 404—containing 409 acres, with two improvements on it, and a Tan-yard, lying on the waters of Cherry run. These lots are of a superiour quality, and have the advantage of water conveyance, and would be valuable to proprietors residing on them.

ALSO

That beautiful situated FARM, called

Hamilton Hall,

10 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela river, containing 205 acres of land—of which there is about 140 acres of first rate river and creek bottom, with an excellent stream of water, on which is erected a new Saw-Mill: it is deemed unnecessary to say any thing in praise of this property as it is well known to be one of the handsomest Farms in Allegheny county; and as it is presumed that persons wishing to purchase will take a minute survey of this property, in every respect worthy the attention of monied men. No objection would be made to take in part pay, good property in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia or Baltimore, at a reasonable valuation. For further information apply to the proprietors at Hamilton Hall, Mifflin township Allegheny county, nearly opposite the mouth of Turtle creek.

CHARLES F. Von BONNHORST.

April 10, 1818.——tf

To Tanners Distillers, & Farmers.

THE subscriber assignee of JARED OLDS's PATENT IRON MILL for Grinding Bark, Corn and Cobb, &c. for the States of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, informs the public that they are made and kept for sale by Mr. George Sutton who is sole agent in Pittsburgh to sell Mills in those states, their utility in grinding bark is well known and established to be the best in use. To Distillers they answer a valuable purpose to shell corn and grind the cobb, and by distilling the cobb it is found to make a saving of about one fifth of this method.—To Farmers, to grind feed for cattle, the mill will crack nearly all the corn and grind the cobb quite fine—There are now a considerable number of those mills in use for that purpose, and are highly approved of—Distillers and Farmers in the above states are solicited to make trial of them.—I will warrant them to answer the purpose as described.

Orders for mills will be attended to by Mr. George Sutton, where they can only be had in Pittsburgh, and will be by him forwarded.

For the information of the public I give the

NOTICE.

That all mills, sold in the above states by agent of Luther Gale, is an infringement on my right, nor has there any of Gales's mills been sold or used in the western country for grinding bark to my knowledge. Jared Olds' improvement consists of an Iron hopper cast solid on the upper or tube and cogs or sharp pointed teeth placed in rows on the inside of the mill. I therefore forbid all persons from making, using or selling mills of the above description in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, without authority from myself or Alvin Bates and our agents, as all persons found violating said patent, may rest assured that sooner or later they will pay us for our right if there is law and justice to recover it

DYER PEARL.

May 1, 1818.——1awtfcG.S.

C. Latshaw and Leech,

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR WAREHOUSE

Corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

SHOVELS & spades, Amer. Man. sup. quality,	Anvils and Vices,
Pig Lead,	Calf and sheep skins,
Tobacco,	Window Glass,
	Sickles,

Also, an assortment of

GROCERIES, *viz.*

Green coffee in barrels,	4th proof Jam. spirits,
Lump sugar,	Cogniac Brandy,
Alspice,	Rice,
Pepper,	Chocolate,
Allum,	Raisins in boxes,
Almonds.	Cod Fish,
Spanish segars,	Corks.

Conemaugh Salt.

Ditto Refined for Table use.

JUST RECEIVED,

18 *Barrels New Orleans* **Sugar.**

Pittsburgh, July 17, 1818.